

Momelotinib in MF with anemia: Real-world findings

A summary of recent real-world datasets

Study 1

MOMGEMFIN: Patients with MF and anemia treated with momelotinib

N = 154

through a managed-access program across 74 centers in Spain¹

STUDY POPULATION

76.6% JAKi-experienced

23.4% JAKi-naïve

122 patients* were assessed for anemia response (median Hb level, 8.0 g/dl), 73.8% were TD.

Median FU

5.1 months

SPLEEN AND SYMPTOM RESPONSE

Spleen size reduction n=45, patients with splenomegaly >5 cm at baseline. (24.4% met formal ELN response criteria)

62.2%

Sustained symptom improvement n=134, patients with disease-related symptoms at baseline.

92%

ANEMIA RESPONSE: TD PATIENTS

3 months' FU (n = 67)

6 months' FU (n = 36)

Transfusion independence	48.4%	45.7%	Median transfusion burden reduced from 4 to 1 RBC units/month.
Minor response	31.3%	36.1%	
Major response	26.9%	30.6%	
ORR JAKi-naïve	50.0%	62.5%	Median Hb increased from 7.7 to 8.7 g/dL.
ORR JAKi-experienced	60.0%	67.8%	

SAFETY

Thrombocytopenia, 10.3% (Grade 3–4, 6.2%); diarrhea, 11.7%; infections, 9.0%; hepatotoxicity, 5.6%; permanent discontinuation due to toxicity, 4%.

Study 2

A German retrospective chart review of hematologic outcomes with momelotinib in patients with MF and anemia²

N = 77

STUDY POPULATION

49% JAKi-experienced

51% JAKi-naïve

Primary or secondary MF and anemia (Hb <10 g/dL)

HB RESPONSE

Median Hb change from baseline to Week 24

Overall	+1.3 g/dL
JAKi-naïve	+1.6 g/dL
JAKi-experienced	+1.0 g/dL

50% of evaluable JAKi-naïve patients achieved an Hb increase ≥2 g/dL.

TRANSFUSION INDEPENDENCE

Baseline

Week 24

Overall	56%	71%	Among patients who were TD at baseline, 64% became TI by Week 24.
JAKi-naïve	62%	86%	
JAKi-experienced	50%	57%	

PLATELET RESPONSE

Platelet counts remained stable during treatment, including in patients with baseline thrombocytopenia (<100 × 10⁹/L and <50 × 10⁹/L).

Additional data from heterogeneous EU real-world cohorts further support clinically meaningful spleen and symptom responses alongside anemia benefit with momelotinib.^{3–5}

In real-world settings, momelotinib has demonstrated meaningful improvements in spleen size, symptoms, and anemia, including high TI rates, with a manageable safety profile in patients with MF and anemia. Efficacy was observed in both JAKi-naïve and JAKi-experienced patients and results broadly reflect those observed in clinical trial populations, supporting its use in MF with anemia in routine practice.

ELN, European LeukemiaNet; EU, European Union; FU, follow-up; Hb, hemoglobin; IWG, International Working Group; JAKi, Janus kinase inhibitor; MF, myelofibrosis; ORR, overall response rate; RBC, red blood cell; TD, transfusion dependent; TI, transfusion independent.

1. Pérez-Lamas L, et al. Blood Cancer J. 2025;15(1):67. 2. Al-Ali HK, et al. Abstract #PB3455.† 3. Chanut M, et al. Abstract #PB3432.† 4. D’Agostino D, et al. Abstract #PB3517.† 5. Vida EO, et al. Abstract #PB3537.†

*Met the 2024 IWG-ELN criteria for anemia. † Presented at: EHA 2026 Congress; Jun 11–14, 2026; Stockholm, SE.